

Blue Cross Blue Shield of Massachusetts is an Independent Licenses of the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association

Medical Policy Antigen Leukocyte Antibody Test

Table of Contents

- Policy: Commercial
- Policy: Medicare
- <u>Authorization Information</u>
- <u>Coding Information</u>

Description

Policy History

•

•

- Information Pertaining to All Policies
- <u>References</u>

Policy Number: 673

BCBSA Reference Number: 2.01.93 NCD/LCD: NA

Related Policies

None

Policy

Commercial Members: Managed Care (HMO and POS), PPO, and Indemnity Medicare HMO BlueSM and Medicare PPO BlueSM Members

The Antigen Leukocyte Antibody Test is **NOT MEDICALLY NECESSARY** for all indications.

Prior Authorization Information

Inpatient

 For services described in this policy, precertification/preauthorization <u>IS REQUIRED</u> for all products if the procedure is performed <u>inpatient</u>.

Outpatient

• For services described in this policy, see below for products where prior authorization <u>might be</u> <u>required</u> if the procedure is performed <u>outpatient</u>.

	Outpatient
Commercial Managed Care (HMO and POS)	This is not a covered service.
Commercial PPO and Indemnity	This is not a covered service.
Medicare HMO Blue sM	This is not a covered service.
Medicare PPO Blue SM	This is not a covered service.

CPT Codes / HCPCS Codes / ICD Codes

Inclusion or exclusion of a code does not constitute or imply member coverage or provider reimbursement. Please refer to the member's contract benefits in effect at the time of service to determine coverage or non-coverage as it applies to an individual member.

Providers should report all services using the most up-to-date industry-standard procedure, revenue, and diagnosis codes, including modifiers where applicable.

CPT Codes

There are no specific CPT codes for this service.

Description

Antigen Leukocyte Antibody Test

The ALCAT is intended to identify foods and other environmental agents for which an individual may be intolerant. It is not intended to diagnose food allergies.^{1,} The test is based on the theory that a substantial increase in leukocyte size and number is characteristic of an intolerant response. Identifying the specific inciting agent facilitates avoidance of that agent, which may lead to a reduction in symptoms. In this regard, ALCAT has been used as a tool for developing an elimination diet that targets the most likely offending agents.

The test is performed by taking a sample of blood, which is first treated to remove the red blood cells and then tested to determine the baseline number and size of leukocytes and platelets. Measurement of size and count of cells is performed by the Coulter technique, which is a standard technique in clinical hematology. Next, a small quantity of blood is incubated with multiple agents. Following exposures, change in the number and size of cells is determined for each exposure. A 10% increase in the size of leukocytes is considered characteristic of a response to an intolerant agent.

The ALCAT website (Cell Sciences Systems) lists 11 separate panels consisting of various combinations of foods, herbs, food additives/coloring, and environmental chemicals. The total number of agents tested in these panels ranges from 70 to 357.^{1,}

Summary

The Antigen Leukocyte Antibody Test (ALCAT) is intended to diagnose intolerance to foods and other environmental agents. It is a blood test that assesses the response of leukocytes and platelets to a panel of foods and/or other environmental agents by measuring the change in size and number of cells following exposure to a specific agent.

For individuals who have a suspected intolerance of environmental agents or food who receive the ALCAT, the evidence includes a randomized controlled trial and case series. The relevant outcomes are morbid events and medication use. There is a lack of published research on the diagnostic accuracy of ALCAT; therefore, it is not possible to determine the sensitivity, specificity, and/or predictive value of the test compared with alternatives. A few low-quality studies have reported improvements in outcomes following the use of ALCAT, but it is not possible to determine whether these changes occurred as a result of the test itself, bias, variation in the natural history of the condition, and/or the placebo effect. The evidence is insufficient to determine the effects of the technology on health outcomes.

Policy History

Date	Action
11/2019	BCBSA National medical policy review. Description, summary and references
	updated. Policy statements unchanged.
11/2018	BCBSA National medical policy review. Description, summary and references
	updated. Policy statement unchanged.
7/2014	New medical policy describing not medically necessary indications. Effective
	7/1/2014.

Information Pertaining to All Blue Cross Blue Shield Medical Policies

Click on any of the following terms to access the relevant information:

Medical Policy Terms of Use Managed Care Guidelines Indemnity/PPO Guidelines Clinical Exception Process Medical Technology Assessment Guidelines

References

- 1. Cell Sciences Systems. Alcat Test. n.d.; https://cellsciencesystems.com/patients/alcat-test/. Accessed August 3, 2018.
- 2. Solomon BA. The ALCAT Test A guide and barometer in the therapy of environmental and food sensitivities. Environ Med. 1992;9(2):1-6.
- 3. Gupta RS, Dyer AA, Jain N, et al. Childhood food allergies: current diagnosis, treatment, and management strategies. Mayo Clin Proc. May 2013;88(5):512-526. PMID 23639501.
- 4. NIAID-Sponsored Expert Panel, Boyce JA, Assa'ad A, et al. Guidelines for the diagnosis and management of food allergy in the United States: report of the NIAID-sponsored expert panel. J Allergy Clin Immunol. Dec 2010;126(6 Suppl):S1-58. PMID 21134576.
- Buczylko K, Obarzanowski T, Rosiak K, et al. Prevalence of food allergy and intolerance in children based on MAST CLA and ALCAT tests. Rocz Akad Med Bialymst. Jan 1995;40(3):452-456. PMID 8775289.
- Kaats GR, Pullin D, Parker LK. The short term efficacy of the ALCAT Test of food sensitivities to facilitate changes in body composition and self-reported disease symptoms: a randomized controlled study. Bariatrician. 1996;Spring:18-23.
- 7. Mylek D. ALCAT Test results in the treatment of respiratory and gastrointestinal symptoms, arthritis, skin and central nervous system. Rocz Akad Med Bialymst. Jan 1995;40(3):625-629. PMID 8775317.